

***N*-Allyl-*N*-(2-nitrobenzenesulfonyl)-  
L-phenylalanine methyl ester****Sally-Ann Poulsen, Cassandra L. Noack and Peter C. Healy\***

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**Key indicators**

Single-crystal X-ray study

 $T = 295$  KMean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006$  Å $R$  factor = 0.040 $wR$  factor = 0.123

Data-to-parameter ratio = 11.0

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see <http://journals.iucr.org/e>.

The structure of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6\text{S}$ , has been determined as part of an ongoing investigation into the preparation of bis-*N*-alkylated amino acids for subsequent alkene cross-metathesis reactions to generate dynamic combinatorial libraries. The overall molecular conformation is stabilized by well defined intramolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  interactions.

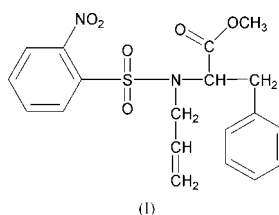
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**Comment**

The synthesis of a range of *N*-allyl substituted amino acids is desirable for the investigation of the biological applications of these molecules, as cross-metathesis of the allyl moieties permits a combinatorial approach to the generation of libraries for biological screening. In this approach, both protection and activation of the amino acid nitrogen is required in order to facilitate subsequent high-yielding mono-allylation. The 2-nitrobenzenesulfonyl group (oNBS) is introduced prior to allylation and serves a dual role of protection and activation, with the electron-withdrawing effect of the oNBS group greatly increasing the acidity of the amino H atom.



The title compound, (I), crystallizes in the space group  $P2_12_12_1$  with one molecule in the asymmetric unit (Fig. 1). Molecules are separated by normal van der Waals distances. The bond lengths (Table 1) are in accord with conventional values (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The conformational structure and shape of the molecules of (I) appear to be determined by a number of well defined intramolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  interactions (Table 2) with, for example, the 2-nitrobenzenesulfonyl group 'spiralling' above the plane of the carboxylate group to bring nitro atom O2 into close proximity to the  $\alpha$  carbon C7. It is of interest to note also in this structure, that the geometry about the amino N atom is almost trigonal planar with  $\text{S1}-\text{N2}-\text{C10} = 116.7$  (2)°,  $\text{S1}-\text{N2}-\text{C7} = 120.5$  (2)° and  $\text{C7}-\text{N2}-\text{C10} = 118.8$  (3)° ( $\Sigma = 355.9^\circ$ ).

**Experimental**

Compound (I) was synthesized following published procedures (Reichwein & Liskamp, 2000). Allyl bromide (2.85 ml, 32.93 mmol)

was added to a solution of 2-nitrobenzenesulfonyl-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (6.485 g, 17.8 mmol) and  $K_2CO_3$  (4.98 g, 36.05 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (50 ml) and the mixture stirred at room temperature for 16 h. Water (40 ml) was added and the mixture extracted from ether ( $3 \times 30$  ml), the combined extracts washed with brine ( $3 \times 40$  ml) and dried over  $MgSO_4$  before solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The resultant yellow oil afforded colourless crystals on standing. Yield: 6.51 g (90.4%); m.p. 326–327 K;  $^1H$  NMR ( $CDCl_3$ , 200 MHz, p.p.m.): 7.54–7.85 [*m*, 4H,  $CH_{arom}(oNBS)$ ], 7.18–7.28 [*m*, 5H,  $CH_{arom}(Phe)$ ], 5.70–5.85 [*m*, 1H, HC=], 5.07–5.28 [*m*, 2H, =CH<sub>2</sub>], 4.91 [*t*, 1H,  $J = 7.4$  Hz,  $\alpha$ CH], 3.85–4.20 [*m*, 2H,  $\beta$ CH<sub>2</sub>], 3.55 [*s*, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>], 3.36 [*dd*, 1H,  $^2J = 14$  Hz,  $^3J = 7.4$  Hz, NCH of NCH<sub>2</sub>], 3.04 [*dd*, 1H,  $^2J = 14$  Hz,  $^3J = 7.4$  Hz, NCH of NCH<sub>2</sub>].

#### Crystal data

|                                  |                                     |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| $C_{19}H_{20}N_2O_6S$            | Mo $K\alpha$ radiation              |
| $M_r = 404.44$                   | Cell parameters from 25 reflections |
| Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$       | $\theta = 12.6$ – $17.0^\circ$      |
| $a = 9.2756$ (15) Å              | $\mu = 0.20$ mm <sup>-1</sup>       |
| $b = 27.430$ (4) Å               | $T = 295$ K                         |
| $c = 7.8548$ (12) Å              | Prism, colourless                   |
| $V = 1998.5$ (5) Å <sup>3</sup>  | $0.50 \times 0.30 \times 0.20$ mm   |
| $Z = 4$                          |                                     |
| $D_x = 1.344$ Mg m <sup>-3</sup> |                                     |

#### Data collection

|  |                             |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Rigaku AFC-7R diffractometer           | $\theta_{max} = 27.5^\circ$ |
| $\omega$ scans                         | $h = -5 \rightarrow 12$     |
| Absorption correction: none            | $k = 0 \rightarrow 35$      |
| 3271 measured reflections              | $l = -4 \rightarrow 10$     |
| 2796 independent reflections           | 3 standard reflections      |
| 2049 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ | every 150 reflections       |
| $R_{int} = 0.025$                      | intensity decay: 0.4%       |

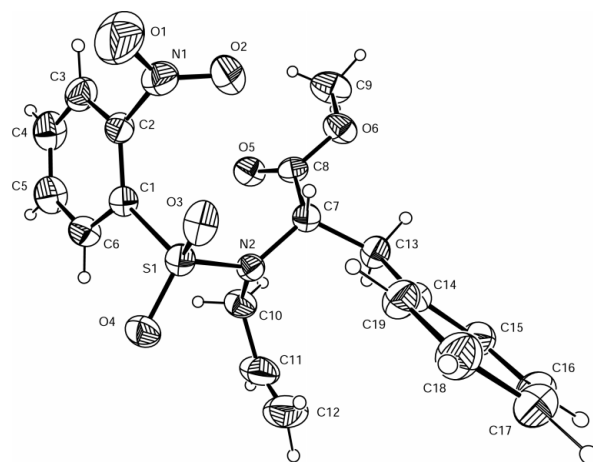
#### Refinement

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Refinement on $F^2$                               | $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.035$              |
| $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$                   | $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.56$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>  |
| $wR(F^2) = 0.123$                                 | $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.29$ e Å <sup>-3</sup> |
| $S = 1.03$  | Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i>       |
| 2796 reflections                                  | Extinction coefficient: 0.0066 (16)          |
| 254 parameters                                    | Absolute structure: Flack (1983)             |
| H-atom parameters constrained                     | Flack parameter = 0.15 (14)                  |
| $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0695P)^2 + 0.3341P]$ |  |
| where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$                    |  |

**Table 1**

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

|           |             |            |           |
|-----------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| S1–O3     | 1.425 (3)   | O6–C9      | 1.453 (5) |
| S1–O4     | 1.427 (3)   | N1–C2      | 1.478 (5) |
| S1–N2     | 1.619 (3)   | N2–C7      | 1.462 (4) |
| S1–C1     | 1.778 (3)   | N2–C10     | 1.474 (5) |
| O1–N1     | 1.204 (6)   | C7–C13     | 1.528 (5) |
| O2–N1     | 1.217 (5)   | C10–C11    | 1.467 (7) |
| O5–C8     | 1.194 (5)   | C11–C12    | 1.157 (8) |
| O6–C8     | 1.330 (4)   | C13–C14    | 1.521 (5) |
| O3–S1–O4  | 119.47 (16) | S1–C1–C2   | 124.7 (3) |
| O3–S1–N2  | 108.23 (15) | S1–C1–C6   | 117.5 (3) |
| O3–S1–C1  | 107.62 (17) | C2–C1–C6   | 117.8 (3) |
| O4–S1–N2  | 106.83 (16) | N1–C2–C1   | 122.9 (3) |
| O4–S1–C1  | 105.74 (15) | N1–C2–C3   | 115.7 (4) |
| N2–S1–C1  | 108.56 (15) | N2–C7–C8   | 111.5 (3) |
| C8–O6–C9  | 116.2 (3)   | N2–C7–C13  | 111.8 (3) |
| O1–N1–O2  | 124.9 (4)   | C8–C7–C13  | 111.2 (3) |
| O1–N1–C2  | 116.3 (4)   | O5–C8–O6   | 125.2 (3) |
| O2–N1–C2  | 118.8 (4)   | O5–C8–C7   | 124.9 (3) |
| S1–N2–C7  | 120.5 (2)   | O6–C8–C7   | 109.9 (3) |
| S1–N2–C10 | 116.7 (2)   | N2–C10–C11 | 117.0 (4) |
| C7–N2–C10 | 118.8 (3)   |            |           |



**Figure 1**

View of the title compound, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms are drawn at the 30% probability level.

**Table 2**

Hydrogen-bonding geometry (Å, °).

| <i>D</i> –H... <i>A</i> | <i>D</i> –H | H... <i>A</i> | <i>D</i> ... <i>A</i> | <i>D</i> –H... <i>A</i> |
|-------------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| C6–H6...O4              | 0.95        | 2.49          | 2.870 (4)             | 104                     |
| C7–H7...O2              | 0.95        | 2.55          | 3.123 (5)             | 119                     |
| C7–H7...O3              | 0.95        | 2.39          | 2.900 (4)             | 113                     |
| C19–H19...O3            | 0.95        | 2.51          | 3.403 (4)             | 157                     |
| C10–H101...O5           | 0.96        | 2.52          | 2.972 (5)             | 109                     |
| C13–H132...O6           | 0.96        | 2.40          | 2.827 (5)             | 107                     |

H atoms were constrained as riding atoms, with C–H distances set to 0.95 Å.

Data collection: *MSC/AFC-7 Diffractometer Control Software for Windows* (Molecular Structure Corporation, 1999); cell refinement: *MSC/AFC-7 Diffractometer Control Software for Windows*; data reduction: *TEXSAN for Windows* (Molecular Structure Corporation, 1997–2001); program(s) used to solve structure: *TEXSAN for Windows*; program(s) used to refine structure: *TEXSAN for Windows* and *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2001) and *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *TEXSAN for Windows* and *PLATON*.

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